

TOPICAL QUESTIONS ABOUT REWARDS FOR COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS IN COMPETITION LAW INVESTIGATIONS FROM THE UNDERTAKINGS' PERSPECTIVE

VISEGRAD 4+ COMPETITION CONFERENCE BUDAPEST

Ondřej Dostal Head of Competition Compliance Unit Corporate Compliance Department

5 February 2018

The views expressed are solely those of the author and do not represent official position of CEZ, a.s., or the CEZ Group

SKUPINA ČEZ



- Can a company follow rules that it does not know?
- Can a company be sure that its employees, sales representatives, trade partners or even independent third parties do not involve it in breach of competition law?
- Can a company be sure that a breach of competition law is more lucrative than its own competition efforts?
- Can a company be guaranteed no duty to compensate a breach of competition law?



NO

That is why competition law compliance matters!

REWARDS FOR COMPETITION LAW COMPLIANCE PROGRAMS IN THE CZECH REPUBLIC?

- Competition Compliance Programmes (CCPs) and rewards for them not recognized by Czech law
 - Theoretical possibility of taking into account circumstances of an offence
- Czech Competition Authority
 - does not grant reduction in fine for operation of a CCP
 - issued a 2004 Guide promoting CCPs
 - recognizes potential educational role of CCPs
 - active in national discussion on practical benefits of CCPs
- Czech Compliance Association (<u>http://www.czech-ca.cz</u>) co-founded by ČEZ promotes importance of CCPs for fair business making, focus on prevention of competition law offences
- Efforts by leading CZ law firms for recognition of CCPs in calculation of fine

SOME QUESTIONS ON REWARDING COMPETITION COMPLIANCE PROGRAMMES I.



- Does ",simple adherence" to law deserve a reward+even if interrupted by an offence?
 - What are the benefits of CCPs for society and competition authorities justifying reduction of fine (e.g. prevention, resource savings, earlier detection,...)?
 - Food for thought: Are undertakings exerting genuine (+failed) efforts for competition law compliance any less deserving reward than leniency or settlements applicants?
 - Reflection of reality principle: difficulties in detecting cartels=leniency vs difficulties in promoting adherence to largely non-intuitive, not generally well-known, complex competition law=reward for effective CCPs?

SOME QUESTIONS ON REWARDING COMPETITION COMPLIANCE PROGRAMMES II.



- How does one prove genuine/utmost/effective effort for competition law compliance?
 - What is the minimum/optimum level of CCP effort required for reduction of fine?
- What part(s) of CCP operation should be rewarded? simple introduction vs sincere and dedicated operation (education, prevention, detection, mitigation, monitoring,...) vs only detection of a breach and reporting to a CA?
 - How does one prove that an offence reported to competition authority was detected thanks to CCP which therefore should be rewarded?



Thank you for your attention